False Positives in Policy Research

Sean Tanner University of California, Berkeley

APPAM Spring Conference 4-11-15

Credibility Crisis in Social Science

• Recent wave of interest in long-standing concerns over false-positives

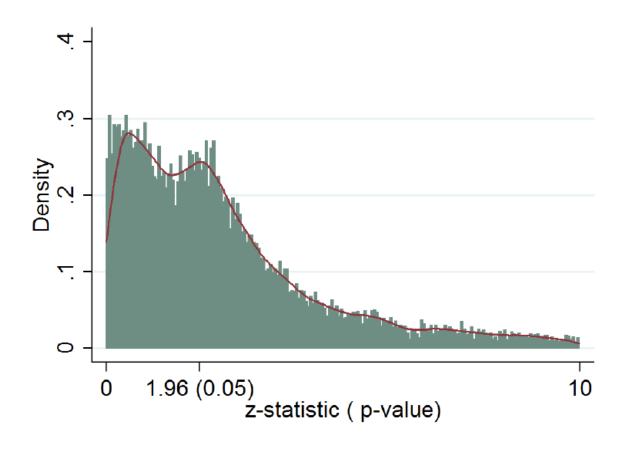
False positive = reported effect when the truth is no effect

- Despite rigorous methods (RCT, RD, IV), many findings are fragile at best
 - Outright fraud/fabricated data
 - Questionable sample restrictions/specifications

Three Reasons for False Positives

- Sampling Variance
 - Valid inferential technique, but "bad draw"
- File-drawer
 - Whole studies left unpublished due to null findings
- P-hacking ("Specification Search" or "Massaging the Data")
 - Altering specification until a significant effect is found
 - If p-hacking exists, p-values and test stats cluster (.1, .05)

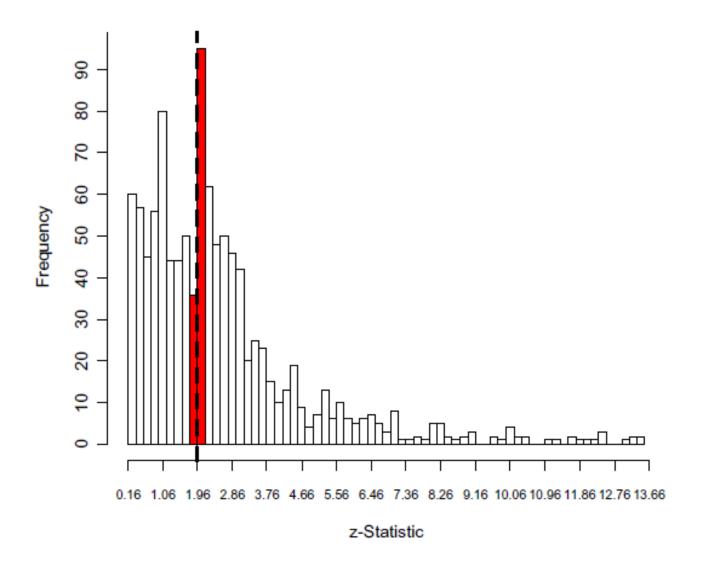
Clustering in Economics



Brodeur, Abel; Lé, Mathias; Sangnier, Marc; Zylberberg, Yanos (2013): Star Wars: The empirics strike back, Discussion Paper Series, Forschungsinstitut zur Zukunft der Arbeit, No. 7268 http://hdl.handle.net/10419/71700

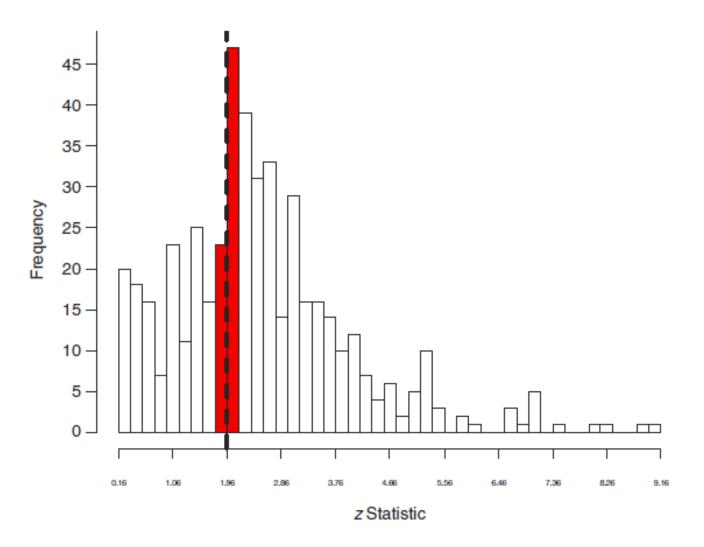
50,000 tests published between 2005 and 2011 in the AER, JPE, and QJE

Clustering in Political Science



Source: Gerber and Malhotra, 2008a. Data from APSR & AJPS

Clustering in Sociology



Source: Gerber and Malhotra, 2008b. Data from *American* Journal of Sociology & The Sociological Quarterly

Contributions of this research

- Formally models p-hacking
 - Only "significant" p-values
 - Statistically independent tests (one per article)
- Focuses on rigorous, policy-relevant work

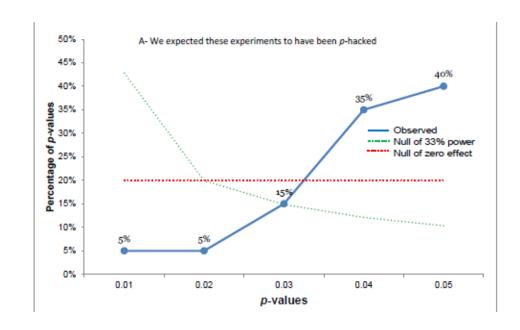
How to detect p-hacking

• P-curve (Simonsohn, Nelson, Simmons, 2014)

Distribution of observed p-values

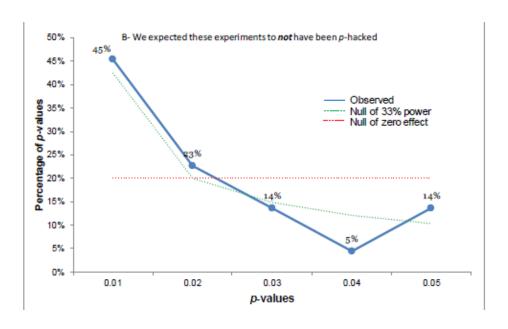
Should only be uniform (flat) or right-skewed

P-Curve



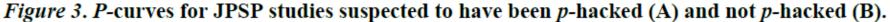
Simonsohn, U., Nelson, L. D., & Simmons, J. P. (2014). P-Curve: A Key to the File-Drawer. *Journal of experimental psychology*.

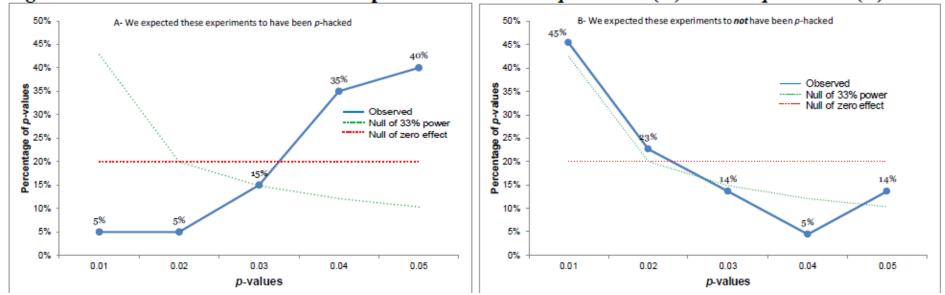
P-Curve



Simonsohn, U., Nelson, L. D., & Simmons, J. P. (2013). P-Curve: A Key to the File-Drawer. *Journal of experimental psychology*.

P-Curve

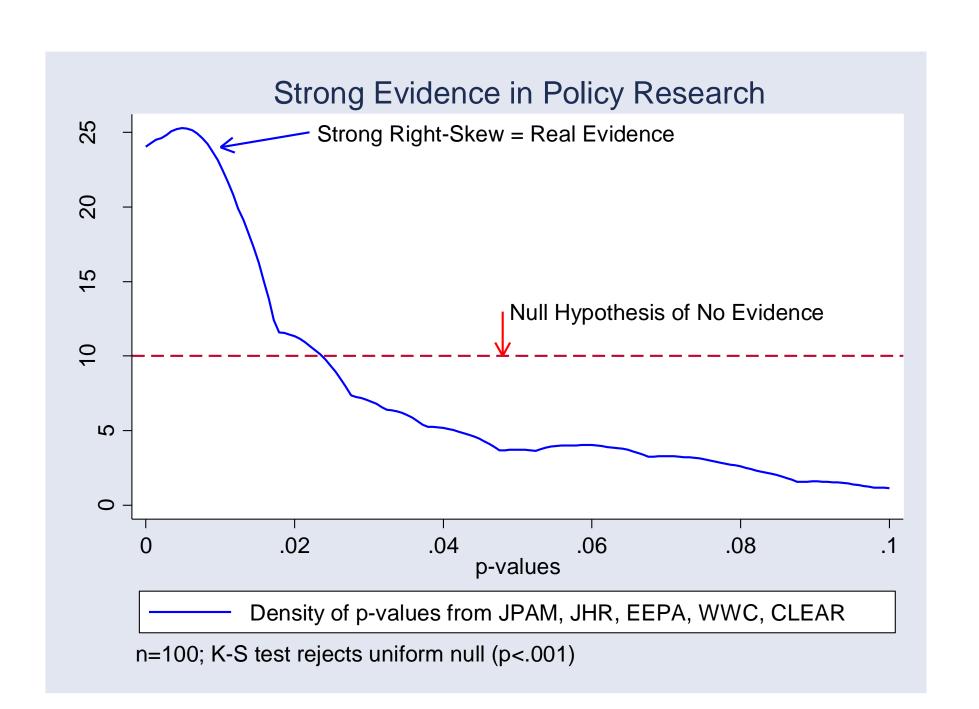


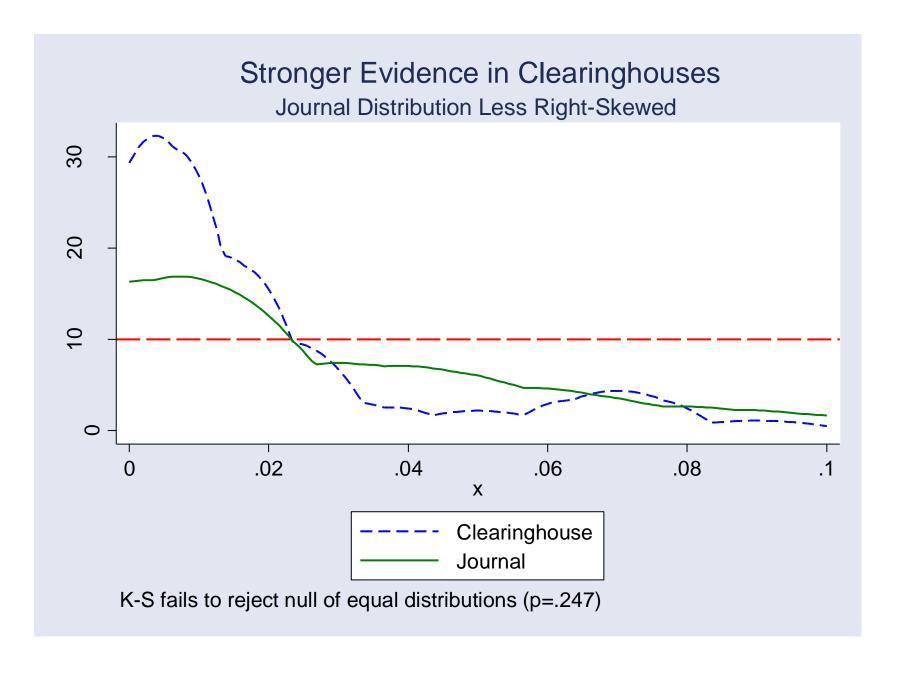


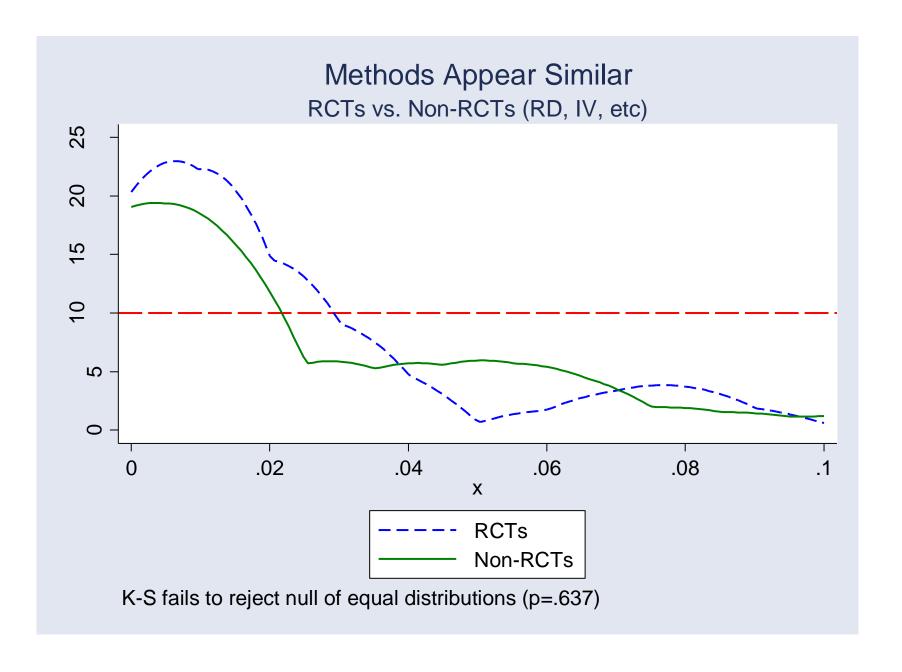
Simonsohn, U., Nelson, L. D., & Simmons, J. P. (2013). P-Curve: A Key to the File-Drawer. *Journal of experimental psychology.*

P-hacking in Policy Research?

- What Works Clearinghouse (DoED)
 Clearinghouse of Labor Evaluation and Research (DOL)
- Journal of Policy Analysis and Management
 - Two "similar" journals (Reuter, P. & Smith-Ready, J., JPAM, 2002)
 - Journal of Human Resources
 - Education Evaluation and Policy Analysis







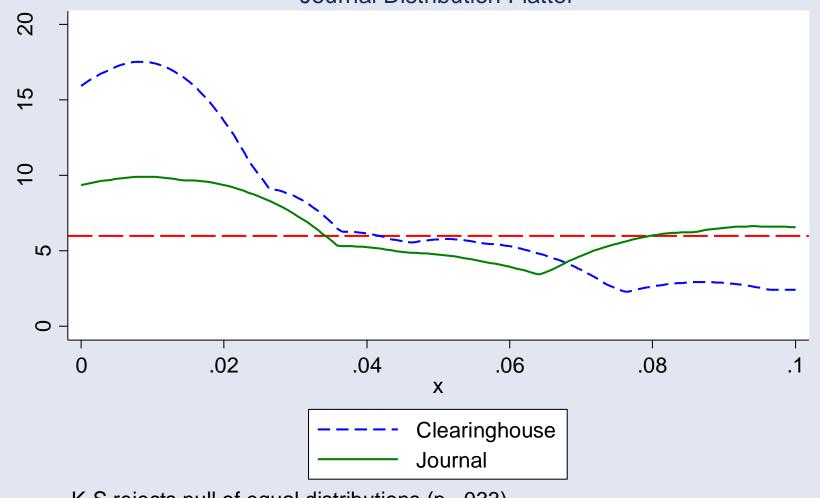
Missing P-values

• Only 68% of p-values available

	Articles	Percent of Total (146)	Cumulative Percent of Total (146)
P-value	100	68%	68%
Sig Only	17	12%	80%
Missing	21	14%	94%
Null Result	8	6%	100%

• Worst case scenario: p-value= sig level or .1 if missing completely

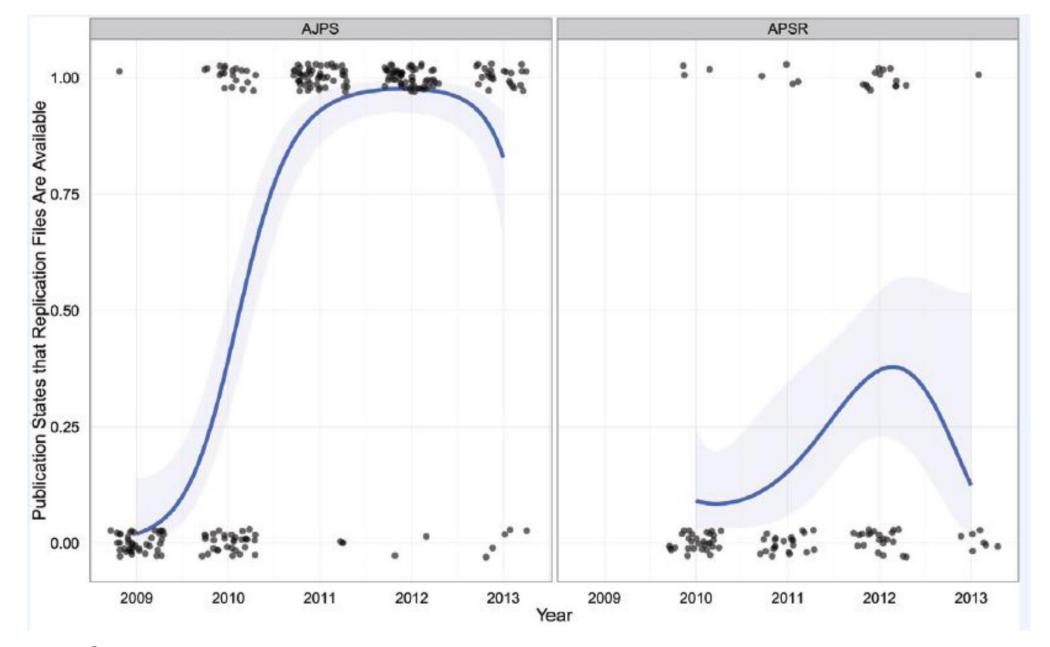
Weaker Evidence in Worst Case Scenario Journal Distribution Flatter



K-S rejects null of equal distributions (p=.033)

Increased Credibility through Transparency

- Strong evidence in policy research
 - Still unable to evaluate any single study
 - What happens when federal funding is linked to RCT results?
- Three mechanisms for increasing transparency
 - 1. Registration and pre-analysis plans (PAPs)
 - 2. Open materials (data & code)
 - 3. Disclosure



Dafoe, 2014

Potential Actions from JPAM & APPAM

JPAM

- Endorse principles as other journals have
- Encourage registration and PAPs
- Make code and data sharing the default (as AER & AJPS do)
- Symposium

APPAM

- Workshop at fall meeting
- Reproduction contest for graduate students

Registration and Pre-analysis Plans (PAPs)

- PAPs demarcates ex-ante vs. ex-post analyses
- AEA, 3ie, EGAP now have registries
 - AEA has 297 trials; 61 have PAPs
 - 3ie has 40 trials
 - EGAP has 121 trials, 41 have PAPs
- Required by law in clinical trials
- The PAP for this research: Tanner (2015)

Open Data and Materials

- Helps replication, minimizes threat of fraud, advances science
- Endorsed by Nature, Science, AER, NSF, NIH, Royal Society
- Center for Open Science & Dataverse assist researchers

Disclosure

- Partially integrated through online appendices
- Standard disclosure checklist?
 - CONSORT for clinical trials
- Finkelstein et al (2012) used ^ to denote supplemental hypotheses

 Berkeley Initiative for Transparency in Social Science (BITSS) http://bitss.org/

References

- Brodeur, A., Lé, M., Sangnier, M., & Zylberberg, Y. (2013). Star Wars: The Empirics Strike Back (No. Discussion Paper Series, Forschungsinstitut zur Zukunft der Arbeit, No. 7268).
- Dafoe, A. (2014). Science Deserves Better: The Imperative to Share Complete Replication Files. *PS, Political Science & Politics*, *47*(1), 60–66.
- Finkelstein, A., Taubman, S., Wright, B., Bernstein, M., Gruber, J., Newhouse, J. P., ... Group, O. H. S. (2012). The Oregon Health Insurance Experiment: Evidence From The First Year. *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 127(August (3)), 1057–1106.
- Gerber, A., & Malhotra, N. (2008a). Do Statistical Reporting Standards Affect What Is Published? Publication Bias in Two Leading Political Science Journals. Quarterly Journal of Political Science, 3(3), 313–326.
- Gerber, A., & Malhotra, N. (2008b). Publication Bias in Empirical Sociological Research. Sociological Methods & Research, 37(1), 3 –30.
- Reuter, P., & Smith-Ready, J. (2002). Assessing JPAM after 20 Years. Journal of Policy Analysis and Management, 21(3), 339–353.
- Simonsohn, U., Nelson, L. D., & Simmons, J. P. (2014). P-curve: a key to the file-drawer. *Journal of Experimental Psychology. General*, 143(2), 534–47.
- Tanner, S. (2015). False Positives and Selective Reporting in Policy. Observational Studies, 1(1), 18–29.